

Popular, Inc.				
Point of Contact:	José A. Méndez	RSSD: (For Bank Holding Companies)	1129382	
UST Sequence Number:	117	Docket Number: (For Thrift Holding Companies)		
CPP/CDCI Funds Received:	935,000,000	FDIC Certificate Number: (For Depository Institutions)		
CPP/CDCI Funds Repaid to Date:		Credit Union Charter Number: (For Credit Unions)		
Date Funded (first funding):	December 05, 2008	City:	San Juan	
Date Repaid <sup>1</sup> :	N/A	State:	Puerto Rico	
<sup>1</sup> If repayment was incrementa	al, please enter the most recent repayment date.			
investment has affected the operation of your business. We understand that once received, the cash associated with TARP funding is indistinguishable from other cash sources, unless the funds were segregated, and therefore it may not be feasible to identify precisely how the CPP/CDCI investment was deployed or how many CPP/CDCI dollars were allocated to each use. Nevertheless, we ask you to provide as much information as you can about how you have used the capital Treasury has provided, and how your uses of that capital have changed over time. Treasury will be pairing this survey with a summary of certain balance sheet and other financial data from your institution's regulatory filings, so to the extent you find it helpful to do so, please feel free to refer to your institution's quarterly call reports to illustrate your answers. This is your opportunity to speak to the taxpayers in your own words, which will be posted on our website.  What specific ways did your institution utilize CPP/CDCI capital? Check all that apply and elaborate as appropriate, especially if the uses have shifted over time. Your responses should reflect actions taken over the past year (or for the portion of the year in which CPP/CDCI funds were outstanding).				
See comments on the 3rd. page under the caption "Please describe any other actions that you were able to undertake with the capital infusion of CPP/CDCI funds."				
To the extent the funds supported increased lending, please describe the major type of loans, if possible (residential mortgage loans, commercial mortgage loans, small business loans, etc.).				
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Pop	oular, Inc.
	Increase securities purchased (ABS, MBS, etc.).
	Make other investments.
	Increase reserves for non-performing assets.
	Reduce borrowings.



Popular, Inc.
Increase charge-offs.
X Purchase another financial institution or purchase assets from another financial institution.
See comments on the 3rd. page under the caption "Please describe any other actions that you were able to undertake with the capital
infusion of CPP/CDCI funds."
Held as non-leveraged increase to total capital.



Popular, Inc.	
What actions were you able to avoid because of the capital infusion	on of CDD/CDCI funds?
what actions were you able to avoid because of the capital infusion	on or crr/coci iunus:



Popular, Inc.	
What actions were you able to take that you may not have taken without the capital infusion of CPP/CDCI funds?	



NAME OF INSTITUTION (Include Holding Company Where Applicable)

Popular, Inc.		

### Please describe any other actions that you were able to undertake with the capital infusion of CPP/CDCI funds.

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Į	The funds received under the TARP's Capital Purchase Program during December 2008 gave us the opportunity to raise capital quickly and
	improve our liquidity position, at low cost, with limited shareholder dilution, at a time when the unprecedented market instability made it
	difficult for us to raise capital. We have used proceeds from the TARP, together with other available moneys, to make capital contributions
	and loans to our banking subsidiaries to ensure they remain well-capitalized, and strengthen their ability to continue creditworthy lending in
	our home markets. The economy in Puerto Rico remained under pressure during 2010 as evidenced, for example, by high unemployment
	levels (15% as of December 2010), as well as housing process also under pressure due to excess inventory. Several actions have been taken
Į	by the local government, including a tax reform that provides over \$1 billion annually in tax-relief for low-income tax payers and reduces
	maximum corporate tax rates from 41% to 30%, funded by the temporary excise tax of 4% on certain manufacturing operations. Even though
	the local economy remains sluggish and unemployment was 16% at March 2011, there have been some recent positive signs, including
	upgrades on PR's general obligations, several public-private infrastructure partnerships, and incentives to reduce to some extent the
	excessive housing inventory. During 2010, Popular completed several additional transactions to further strengthen our capital levels and
Į	ratios. During the second quarter, we completed a capital issuance of \$1.15 billion through the sale and subsequent conversion into common
	stock of depositary shares representing interests in shares of contingent convertible perpetual non-cumulative preferred stock. This
	transaction strengthened Popular's capital base and facilitated our participation in an FDIC-assisted transaction. In addition, we agreed with
Į	our regulators that, if we were a successful bidder for a failed depository institution in an FDIC-assisted transaction, we would raise additional
Į	capital. During the 3rd quarter, Popular completed the sale of a 51% interest in EVERTEC, that resulted in a net gain after taxes and
Į	transaction costs of approximately \$530 million. This gain, together with the \$1.15 billion capital raise, resulted in approximately \$1.6 billion
	in additional Tier 1 capital, meeting the capital requirement agreed to with our regulators in order for us to participate and complete the
	Westernbank FDIC-assisted transaction. Popular returned to profitability during the first quarter of 2011 (representing Popular's first
Į	profitable quarter since 2008) and start generating capital internally. However, we remain cautiously optimistic and continue monitoring
Į	closely our credit portfolios and metrics, as well as our overall business strategies.
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